according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaCeram®-62 Bonding Primer





SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : SikaCeram®-62 Bonding Primer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Concrete protection and repair system

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ +44 (0)1707 394444

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com
responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1707 363899 (available during office hours).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements : P101 If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

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P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated ar-

ea.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Cement (chromium reduced)

2.3 Other hazards

The content of soluble Chromium (VI) is not greater than 0,0002% in accordance with Annex XVII, Paragraph 47 of the EU Regulation 1907/2006.

The product reacts highly alkaline with water.

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)		
	Registration number		(/5 11/11/		
Cement (chromium reduced)	65997-15-1	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 25 - < 40		
	266-043-4	Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335			
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :					
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7		>= 40 - < 60		
	238-878-4				
Fumes, silica	69012-64-2		>= 1 - < 2,5		
	273-761-1				
	01-2119486866-17-				
	XXXX				

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tis-

sue damage and blindness.

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Cough

Respiratory disorder Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Dermatitis

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks : irritant effects

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

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extinction.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

for firefighters

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Avoid breathing dust.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Avoid dust formation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation

at places where dust is formed.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

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practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

Keep in a dry place. No decomposition if stored and applied

as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0,1 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
	dust and inhala will be collecte the methods do pling and gravitaerosols, The collecte in air equal to collecte in air explimits., Most incollecte in air explimits. The behavior in air explimits in air explicit i	ation: For the purpo able dust are those d when sampling is escribed in MDHS1 metric analysis or r COSHH definition of dust of any kind w or greater than 10 n a-3 8-hour TWA of r e subject to COSHH vels. Some dusts h osure to these mus dustrial dusts conta aviour, deposition a the human respirate elicits, depend on the hes two size fractional below and 'respirable'. airborne material the gand is therefore a ct. Respirable dust a he gas exchange re- components that ha nits should be composure limit is listed, limit should be use	ses of these limits fractions of airbor undertaken in act 4/4 General methods as well as well as the present at a cong. The spirable dust. The spirable dust. The spirable dust. The spirable dust. The spirable dust are particles of a word fate of any particles of the lung. It is a figure the any particles of the lung. It is a figure the any particles of the lung. It is a figure the any particles of the lung. It is a figure the any particles of the lung. It is a figure the lung and the lung a	ne dust which cordance with cods for sam- c and inhalable cardous to concentration /A of inhalable is means that cosed to dust id specific appropriate ide range of rticular particle he body responsimates to a and mouth sition in the fraction that Fuller definid/4/4., Where gned WEL, all no specific
Cement (chromium reduced)	65997-15-1	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction tha penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used
term exposure limit should be used.

			TWA (Respirable	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
			dust)		
Fumes, silica	69012-64	1-2	TWA (inhalable	6 mg/m3	GB EH40
			dust)	(Silica)	

Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where

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dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
	TWA (Respirable dust)	2,4 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40

^{*}The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

general dust value

Form of exposure	Value type	Control parameters	Basis
Inhalable	TWA	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Respirable	TWA	4 mg/m3	GB EH40

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Recommended: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves.

Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Skin and body protection : Dust impervious protective suit

Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

particulate filter P

P1: Inert material; P2, P3: hazardous substances

Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder Colour : off-white Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 11

Melting point/range / Freezing :

Boiling point/boiling range

ooint

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper :

flammability limit

No data available

No data available

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Density : No data available

Bulk density : 1.700 kg/m3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

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9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

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Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: There is no data available for this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

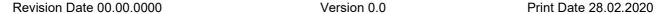
Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

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local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Cement (chromium reduced)

(Number on list 47)

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)
Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

: Not applicable

Not applicable

None of the components are listed

(=> 0.1 %).

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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tants (recast)

REACH Information: All substances contained in our Products are

- registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or

- registered by us, and/or

- excluded from the regulation, and/or - exempted from the registration.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

> (VOCV) no VOC duties

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

: Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

Other regulations:

This product contains cement. Wet cement or mortar may cause alkali burns if in direct and/or prolonged contact with the skin. Wear protective clothing at all times when working with cement based products.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of other abbreviations

Eve Dam. Serious eye damage

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) GB EH40 / TWA European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of ADR

Dangerous Goods by Road

Chemical Abstracts Service CAS

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DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Calculation method
STOT SE 3 H335 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN