# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Map-Pro™, Pro-Max™

 Identification number
 601-011-00-9 (Index number)

 Registration number
 01-2119447103-50-0325

 Synonyms
 MAP-Pro™, PRO-Max™

Synonyms MAP-Pro™, PR SDS number WC001

Issue date 11-December-2023

Version number 01
Revision date Supersedes date -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesHand Torch FuelUses advised againstNone known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cyline

Worthington Cyline

Worthington Cyline

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinders GmbH
Address 2 Kingsthorne Park, Henson Way

Kettering, Northants, NN16 8PX

United Kingdom

E-mail SDSRequest@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone 1-800-359-9678

1.4. Emergency telephone CHEMTREC

number

+44 20 3807 3798 (CCN 628056)

**General emergency** 112 or 999 SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency

Service.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable gases Category 1A H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

### 2.2. Label elements

# Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

**Hazard pictograms** 

Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** 

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

Map-Pro™, Pro-Max™ SDS Great Britain

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Response

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** Not assigned.

Supplemental information on

the label

None.

**2.3. Other hazards** May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

#### **General information**

| Chemical name                                      | %          | CAS-No. / EC No.      | <b>REACH Registration No.</b> | Index No.    | Notes |  |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| Propylene  | 99.5 - 100 | 115-07-1<br>204-062-1 | 01-2119447103-50-0325         | 601-011-00-9 |       |  |
| Classification: Flam. Gas 1A;H220, Press. Gas;H280 |            |                       |                               |              |       |  |

### **Impurities**

| Chemical name | %       | CAS-No. / EC No.     | REACH Registration No. | Index No.    | Notes |
|---------------|---------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Propane       | 0 - 0.5 | 74-98-6<br>200-827-9 | -                      | 601-003-00-5 |       |

### List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

Note U (Table 3.1): When put on the market gases have to be classified as "Gases under pressure", in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

General information First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue. If you feel unwell, seek medical

advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or

others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist

ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Skin contact**Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water

(not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

**Eye contact** Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of

warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact

lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

General fire hazards Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when

exposed to heat or flame.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam.

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool

containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Evacuate the area promptly. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P2 FLAMMABLE GASES (Lower-tier requirements = 10 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 50 tonnes)

ANNEX 1, PART 2 Named dangerous substances

- 18. Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas (Lower-tier requirements = 50 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 200 tonnes)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Hand Torch Fuel. Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels

(DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect

Not available.

concentrations (PNECs)

**Exposure guidelines** Follow standard monitoring procedures.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures,

local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below

recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information** Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen

according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

equipment.

Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Face shield is recommended. Eye protection should Eye/face protection

meet standard EN 166.

Skin protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear cold insulating gloves. - Hand protection

- Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

> limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear positive pressure self-contained

breathing apparatus (SCBA).

WARNING! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen deficient atmospheres.

Thermal hazards Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide Hygiene measures

eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practices

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply

with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to

acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state

Compressed liquefied gas. **Form** 

Colour Colourless

Odour Hydrocarbon or mercaptan if odorized. **Odour threshold** Property has not been measured. Not applicable, material is a gas. pН

-185 °C (-301 °F) Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling -48 °C (-54.4 °F)

range

Flash point -107.78 °C (-162 °F)

Property has not been measured. **Evaporation rate** 

Extremely flammable gas. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 2 % Explosive limit - upper 11 %

(%)

109.73 psig (21 °C (69.8 °F)) Vapour pressure Property has not been measured. Vapour density 1.5 (gas) (Air=1) (20 °C (68 °F)) Relative density

0.52 (liquid) (Water=1) (0 °C (32 °F))

Solubility(ies)

**Solubility (water)** 384 mg/l Slightly soluble in water.

Partition coefficient 1.77

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

497.22 °C (927 °F)

**Decomposition temperature** Property has not been measured.

Viscosity Not applicable, material is a gas.

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information

**Dynamic viscosity** 0.08 mPa.s (16.7 °C (62.06 °F)) **Kinematic viscosity** Not applicable, material is a gas.

Limiting Oxygen
Concentration (or LOC)

9.3 %

Molecular formula C3-H6
Molecular weight 45 g/mol

Particle size Not applicable, material is a gas.

Percent volatile 100 %

Specific gravity 1.5 (gas) (Air=1) (15 °C (59 °F))

0.52 (liquid)

Surface tension 16.7 mN/m (90 °C (194 °F))
VOC 100 % EPA estimated

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidants, nitrites, inorganic chlorides, chlorites and perchlorates

causing fire and explosion hazard.

**10.2. Chemical stability** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

oxidizing agents.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**10.5.** Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates.

**10.6. Hazardous** Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

decomposition products Hydrocarbons.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations

that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Eye contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

**Ingestion** This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Symptoms Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very

high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Toxicological data

**Impurities Species Test Results** 

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

**Acute** Inhalation

Gas

LC50 Rat > 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/eye

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not relevant, due to the form of the product. **Aspiration hazard** 

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

Other information Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

12.1. Toxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

**Partition coefficient** n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) 1.77

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)** Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation 12.6. Other adverse effects

potential.

Substance Global Warming Potential per (Annex IV), Regulation 517/2014/EU on fluorinated greenhouse gases, as amended

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 3 2 Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Residual waste

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Contaminated packaging

16 05 04\* EU waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the

producer and the waste disposal company.

Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have Disposal methods/information

residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Special precautions

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

```
14.1. UN number
                                 UN1077
    14.2. UN proper shipping
                                 PROPYLENE
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2.1
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
        Label(s)
                                 2.1
                                 23
        Hazard No. (ADR)
        Tunnel restriction code B/D
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards No
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
RID
                                 UN1077
    14.1. UN number
                                 PROPYLENE
    14.2. UN proper shipping
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
        Class
                                 2.1
        Subsidiary risk
                                 2.1 (+13)
        Label(s)
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards No
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
ADN
                                 UN1077
    14.1. UN number
    14.2. UN proper shipping
                                 PROPYLENE
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
        Class
                                 2.1
        Subsidiary risk
        Label(s)
                                 2.1
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards No
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
IATA
    14.1. UN number
                                 UN1077
                                 Propylene
    14.2. UN proper shipping
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
        Label(s)
                                 2.1
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards No
    ERG Code
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
IMDG
    14.1. UN number
                                 UN1077
                                 PROPYLENE
    14.2. UN proper shipping
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2.1
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards
        Marine pollutant
                                 No
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
```

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Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **Retained direct EU regulations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

#### **Authorisations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

### Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use, as amended - Conditions of restriction given for the associated entry number should be considered

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P2 FLAMMABLE GASES

ANNEX 1, PART 2 Named dangerous substances

- 18. Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas

### Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain. This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material.

15.2. Chemical safety

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short term exposure limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices References

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

EPA: AQUIRE database

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base Not applicable. The product is a substance.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Disclaimer

Full text of any statements. which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Training information** Follow training instructions when handling this material.

> All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.